# MLCCs – Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors

#### **Characteristics of Class 1 and Class 2 Ceramic Capacitors**

Class 1 Ceramic Capacitors (i.e. NP0 = COG) are characterized by a small permittivity  $\varepsilon_r$ , thus they have smaller capacitances. Their dependencies of temperature and voltage are linear and their aging is minimal.

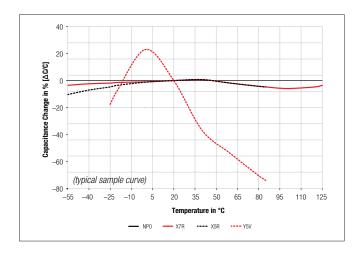
Class 2 Ceramic Capacitors (i.e. X7R, X5R, Y5V) own a higher permittivity  $\varepsilon_r$ . That is why they provide higher capacitances. Their dependencies of temperature and voltage are non-linear and they show aging behavior.

#### **Functions and Applications Class 1 and Class 2 Ceramic Capacitors**

**Class 1** Ceramic Capacitors provide **high stability and low losses** for example in a resonant circuit, filter, temperature compensation and coupling applications.

Class 2 Ceramic Capacitors provide high volumetric capacitance for example in smoothing, coupling, decoupling and by-pass applications.

#### **Typical Capacitance Change vs. Temperature**



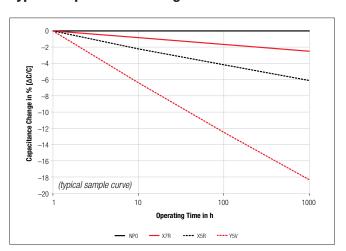
Temperature Characteristics	
Ceramic	Operating Temperature
NP0	-55 °C to + 125 °C
X7R	-55 °C to + 125 °C
X5R	-55 °C to + 85 °C
Y5V	-30 °C to + 85 °C

#### Typical Capacitance Change vs. DC Voltage\*

### 10 0 -10 10 0 -20 -20 -40 -50 -60 -90 (typical sample curve) 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 DC Voltage in V

## \*Typical characteristics for ceramic capacitors with a rated DC voltage of 25 V (X5R) and 50 V (NPO, X7R, Y5V)

#### **Typical Capacitance Change vs. Time**



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